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FUTURE OF THE AGENCY'S U-2 CAPABILITY

- 1. Elements of the Problem: The problem is whether the Agency should continue to maintain a U-2 capability and, if so, for what purpose, on what scale, and where deployed. A firm decision has been made that, at least for the next seven months, no effort will be made to conduct reconnaissance with these aircraft over the USSR. It is assumed that this decision will remain firm and this is not a proposal seeking any amendment to that decision. However, it is further assumed that, if a drastic change should occur in the world situation, the decision would automatically be re-examined, and that it may in any event be reconsidered eight months hence. This contingency should be provided for even though a drastic change in the world situation is not anticipated. Accordingly, resolution of the problem would appear to depend on the answers to the following questions:
 - a. If the existing capability in the hands of the CIA were deactivated, could it be promptly reconstituted in the event of need?
 - b. Are there firm, probable, or contingent requirements which could be satisfied through use of the U-2 during the period immediately ahead within the limits of existing policy?
 - c. Must the vulnerability of the U-2 be presumed to be too great to permit consideration of its use at some future time over the USSR?
 - d. Is the operation of the U-2 dependent on the use of bases located on allied territory, and, if so, will such bases be available?

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e. If maintenance (or employment) of a U-2 capability appears warranted, is there any reason for maintaining it in Agency hands rather than in the USAF?

2. Reactivation;

- a. If the existing U-2 capability in the hands of the CIA were completely liquidated, it could not be reconstituted without three to six months delay. Equipment (which would be transferred to SAC) could of course be reassembled much more quickly, but ground facilities would have to be obtained and Agency, Air Force, and contractor personnel (including pilots) reassembled or recruited and trained anew. Even with advance planning to permit the greatest possible use of experienced personnel, only part of the need could be met in this way.
- b. There is of course an existing U-2 capability in SAC.

 If it were desired to reconstitute a civilian sponsored unit,

 some personnel could be drafted from SAC but there are

 important categories that could not be filled from this source.
- Considerations bearing on the continued need for a
 U-2 capability in nonmilitary hands are discussed below.

3. Requirements:

a. During the past four years the U-2 has been employed not only for infrequent reconnaissance missions over the USSR, but also for the following purposes, which are arranged in order of political and military hazard.

- (1) Reconnaissance overflights of the European satellites;
- (2) Reconnaissance overflights of Communist China:
- (3) Reconnaissance overflights of neutral areas such as the Middle East and Indonesia when special circumstances have justified;
- (4) Peripheral intelligence collection missions of
 various types along the borders of Communist Bloc (including
 eblique photography, Elint collection

 Some of these

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involve overflight of friendly or neutral countries.

It should be noted that missions in the third and fourth categories have not been "make work" activities. Rather, they are those which require, for example, either the privacy which the U-2 gives by virtue of its superior altitude as is the case of Middle East flights, or the technical capabilities provided by no other vehicle, as in the case of peripheral flights

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b. It is assumed that the decision to discontinue reconnaissance ever the USSR applies (at least for the present) to the European satellites as well.

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- additional photographic reconnaissance of Communist China.

 Although a few U-2 missions have been flown over this area, it has been the agreed policy of the Central Intelligence Agency and the Air Force that the U-2 should not be exposed on such missions as long as there was a reasonable likelihood that it could be employed against much higher priority targets in the USSR. Now that this opportunity is no longer open and the vehicle is exposed, it is strongly believed that an appropriate way should be found to use the U-Z to complete the coverage of primary targets in China before air defenses there have been further improved.
- d. There is at the present time no pressing requirement for continuing flights over neutral areas. On the other hand, specific requirements arise from time to time, most or all of which can be satisfied with minimum risk. Such requirements must be anticipated in the Middle East, possibly areas in Southeast Asia and the Caribbean.

e. Useful intelligence collection can be performed by the U-2 in peripheral missions with extremely low risk of either inadvertent penetration of the Soviet border or of embarrassment due to loss of the aircraft.

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. Bases:

- a. It is assumed that the U-2 will not be permitted to operate within the foreseeable future against the USSR from bases located on the territory of allies which are contiguous to the USSR. Even if, say, the Turkish Government should itself offer no objection, there is doubt as to whether it would be in the interest of the United States to expose such allies to the risks of Soviet counter action. It is not believed, however, that this limitation applies either to overflights of Communist China or to paripheral missions which do not penetrate Soviet air space.
- b. Recognizing this limitation, it is proposed to equip a few U-2's for in-flight refueling so as to relieve them from dependence on bases close to sensitive target areas (provided the policy decision is made to maintain a U-2 capability in order to meet the requirements stated in paragraph 3 preceding). With in-flight refueling, and having in mind the necessity to avoid concentrations of Soviet ground-to-air missile sites, the most promising missions that could be planned against the USSR itself could be flown from Eilson,

technically feasible possibility would be to launch a U-2 from a carrier, refuel close to the target area, and land after completion of the mission at one of the bases listed above.

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6. Spensorship and Cover:

- a. The U-2 program has involved from its inception the employment of these aircraft estensibly (and actually) to perform certain tasks which were not in fact their primary mission and, under this cover, to carry out that top secret primary mission. In other words they have been engaged in clandestine operations. It was for this basic reason that the capability was organized jointly by the Agency and the Air Force but within CIA's administrative framework and line of command. A strongly reinforcing and corollary reason for Agency sponsorship was the desire that, in the event of compromise, the activity be identified as a form of civilian espionage not under military control and with the fewest possible military overtones.
- b. If the U-2 capability is maintained and employed for the purposes set forth in paragraph 3 above, this will still constitute in the above sense a clandestine operation. With respect to overflights of China, the true nature of the mission and certainly U.S. Governmental support thereof will be SECRET. The same will apply in lesser degree to reconnaissance of neutral areas. Only with regard to peripheral missions along Soviet borders, will secrecy be of secondary importance. It would appear, therefore, that the same considerations (set forth in subparagraph 6a above)

that have in the past seemed to favor civilian sponsorship would apply in the future.

e. It has been argued that mere continuation of previous deployment and cover arrangements would fail to accomplish the purpose of concealing the US Governmental sponsorship of those U-2 missions the true character of which could not be freely and epenty revealed. The argument is that the present cover is blown and that if present arrangements would continue unchanged, true sponsorship and mission will likewise be assumed to be unchanged.

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- e. Up to five U-2's will be modified for in-flight refueling and with the other modifications discussed above in paragraph 4e.
- f. As soon as modifications are carried out, approximately half of the Agency's present inventory of 12 U-2's will become surplus. As rapidly as possible these and associated equipments will be turned over to the Air Force for use by SAC and ARDC.

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